
pyramid_assetmutator Documentation

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Overview

`pyramid_assetmutator` provides simple and flexible asset mutation (also known as compiling or piping) for your [Pyramid](#) applications.

Inspired by other more powerful asset management packages, its goal is to provide a basic and straightforward mechanism for asset *compilation* (e.g. CoffeeScript/LESS), *minification* (e.g. jsmin), and *optimization* (e.g. pngcrush).

Warning: This package only supports Pyramid 1.3 or later.

Installation

To install, simply:

```
pip install pyramid_assetmutator
```

- You'll need to have [Python 2.6+](#) and [pip](#) installed.

Setup

Once `pyramid_assetmutator` is installed, you must include it in your Pyramid project's configuration. This is typically done using Pyramid's `config.include` mechanism in your project's `__init__.py`:

```
config = Configurator(...)
config.include('pyramid_assetmutator')
```

Next, you must assign one or more *mutators* via the new `assign_assetmutator()` configuration method, so that it knows what type of assets you want mutated. The configuration syntax for your Pyramid project's `__init__.py` is:

```
config.assign_assetmutator('CURRENT_EXTENSION', 'COMMAND', 'NEW_EXTENSION')
```

For example, the following configuration would activate `pyramid_assetmutator` and initialize mutators for CoffeeScript and LESS files (allowing them to be compiled into the appropriate JavaScript and CSS):

```
config = Configurator(...)
config.include('pyramid_assetmutator')
config.assign_assetmutator('coffee', 'coffee -c -p', 'js')
config.assign_assetmutator('less', 'lessc', 'css')
```

Usage

Once you have configured your mutators, you can use one of the provided view helper methods in your templates to reference (with Pyramid’s `asset specification` syntax) and “mutate” (if needed) an asset.

Four view helper methods are provided depending on your desired results:

assetmutator_url (*path*, ***kw*)

Returns a Pyramid `static_url()` of the mutated asset (and mutates the asset if needed).

Parameters

- **path** (*string* - *Required*) – The Pyramid asset path to process.
- **mutator** (*dict or string* - *Optional*) – Allows you to override/specify a specific mutator to use (e.g. `coffee`), or assign a brand new mutator dictionary to be used (e.g. `{ 'cmd': 'lessc', 'ext': 'css' }`)

assetmutator_path (*path*, ***kw*)

Returns a Pyramid `static_path()` of the mutated asset (and mutates the asset if needed).

Parameters

- **path** (*string* - *Required*) – The Pyramid asset path to process.
- **mutator** (*dict or string* - *Optional*) – Allows you to override/specify a specific mutator to use (e.g. `coffee`), or assign a brand new mutator dictionary to be used (e.g. `{ 'cmd': 'lessc', 'ext': 'css' }`)

assetmutator_source (*path*, ***kw*)

Returns the source data/contents of the mutated asset (and mutates the asset if needed). This is useful when you want to output inline data (e.g. for inline JavaScript blocks).

Parameters

- **path** (*string* - *Required*) – The Pyramid asset path to process.
- **mutator** (*dict or string* - *Optional*) – Allows you to override/specify a specific mutator to use (e.g. `coffee`), or assign a brand new mutator dictionary to be used (e.g. `{ 'cmd': 'lessc', 'ext': 'css' }`)

Note: Many template packages escape output by default. Consult your template language’s syntax to output an unescaped string.

assetmutator_assetpath (*path*, ***kw*)

Returns a Pyramid `asset specification` such as `pkg:static/path/to/file.ext` (and mutates the asset if needed).

Parameters

- **path** (*string - Required*) – The Pyramid asset path to process.
- **mutator** (*dict or string - Optional*) – Allows you to override/specify a specific mutator to use (e.g. `coffee`), or assign a brand new mutator dictionary to be used (e.g. `{'cmd': 'lessc', 'ext': 'css'}`)

This function could be used to nest `pyramid_assetmutator` calls. e.g. `assetmutator_path(assetmutator_assetpath('pkg:static/js/script.coffee'))` could compile a CoffeeScript file into JS, and then further minify the JS file if your mutator configuration looked something like:

```
config.assign_assetmutator('coffee', 'coffee -c -p', 'js')
config.assign_assetmutator('js', 'uglifyjs', 'js')
```

4.1 Examples

An example using the [Chameleon](#) template language (and assuming that a mutator has been assigned for “coffee” files):

```
<script src="${assetmutator_url('pkg:static/js/test.coffee')}"
  type="text/javascript"></script>
```

And now the same example, but for inline code output:

```
<script type="text/javascript">
${structure: assetmutator_source('pkg:static/js/test.coffee')}
</script>
```

Or, if your default JS mutator configuration uses `jsmin`, but you wanted to use `uglifyjs` for a particular asset:

```
<script src="${assetmutator_url('pkg:static/js/test.js', mutator={'cmd': 'uglifyjs', 'ext': 'js'})}"
  type="text/javascript"></script>
```

Lastly, `assetmutator_assetpath()` is a particularly nifty/dirty method which gives you the ability to chain mutators. For example, if you wanted to mutate a CoffeeScript file into a JavaScript file and then minify the JavaScript file, you could do something like:

```
<script src="${assetmutator_url(assetmutator_assetpath('pkg:static/js/test.coffee'))}"
  type="text/javascript"></script>
```

Mutators

You can assign as many mutators as you like using the `config.assign_assetmutator` method, but it is important to keep in mind the following:

- The mutator `COMMAND` must be installed, must be executable by the Pyramid process, and by default must *output the mutated data to stdout*. The last point can get tricky depending on the command, so be sure to check its command switches for the appropriate option (or create a wrapper as seen below).
- Mutators are executed in order (first in, first out), which means that it is possible to compile a CoffeeScript file into a JavaScript file and then minify the JavaScript file; but for certain configurations this may only work if you have assigned the CoffeeScript compiler before the JavaScript minifier.

Here are a few mutator commands that have been tested and are known to work as of this writing:

```
# CoffeeScript - http://coffeescript.org/
config.assign_assetmutator('coffee', 'coffee -c -p', 'js')

# Dart - http://www.dartlang.org/
# Requires a wrapper - http://gist.github.com/98aa5e3f3d183d908caa
config.assign_assetmutator('dart', 'dart_wrapper', 'js')

# TypeScript - http://www.typescriptlang.org/
# Requires a wrapper - http://gist.github.com/eaace8a89881c8ca9cda
config.assign_assetmutator('ts', 'tsc_wrapper', 'js')

# LESS - http://lesscss.org/
config.assign_assetmutator('less', 'lessc', 'css')

# SASS/SCSS - http://sass-lang.com/
config.assign_assetmutator('sass', 'sass', 'css')
config.assign_assetmutator('scss', 'sass --scss', 'css')

# jsmin - http://www.crockford.com/javascript/jsmin.html
config.assign_assetmutator('js', 'jsmin', 'js')

# UglifyJS - http://github.com/mishoo/UglifyJS
config.assign_assetmutator('js', 'uglifyjs', 'js')

# pngcrush - http://pmt.sourceforge.net/pngcrush/
# Requires a wrapper - http://gist.github.com/3a0c72ef9bb217315347
config.assign_assetmutator('png', 'pngcrush_wrapper', 'png')
```

Settings

Additional settings are configurable via your Pyramid application's `.ini` file (in the app section representing your Pyramid app) using the `assetmutator` key:

`assetmutator.remutate_check` *Default: `mtime`*

Specifies what type of method to use for checking to see if an asset source has been updated and should be re-mutated. If set to `exists` (fastest, but not usually ideal), then it will only check to see if a filename matching the mutated version of the asset already exists. If set to `mtime`, then only the last modified time will be checked. If set to `checksum` (slowest, but most reliable), then the file contents will be checked.

`assetmutator.asset_prefix` *Default: `_`*

A prefix to add to the mutated asset filename.

`assetmutator.mutated_path` *Default: `[none]`*

By default, mutated files are stored in the same directory as their source files. If you would like to have all mutated files stored in a specific directory, you can define a Pyramid asset specification here (e.g. `pkg:static/cache/`).

Note: The specified path must be a valid [asset specification](#) that matches a configured [static view](#), and must be writable by the application.

`assetmutator.each_request` *Default: `true`*

Whether or not assets should be checked/mutated during each request when the template language encounters one of the `assetmutator_*` methods.

`assetmutator.each_boot` *Default: `false`*

Whether or not assets should be checked/mutated when the application boots (uses Pyramid's [ApplicationCreated](#) event).

Note: If set to true, then you must specify the `asset_paths` to be checked (see below).

`assetmutator.asset_paths` *Default: `[none]`*

Which path(s) should be checked/mutated when the application boots (only loaded if `assetmutator.each_boot` is set to true).

Note: Asset path checks are not recursive, so you must explicitly specify each path that you want checked.

For example, if you wanted to only check/mutate assets on each boot (a good practice for production environments), and only wanted to process the `js` and `css` directories, and would like each mutated `_filename` to be saved in a `myapp:static/cache/` directory, then your `.ini` file could look something like:

```
[app:main]
...other settings...
assetmutator.mutated_path = myapp:static/cache/
assetmutator.each_request = false
assetmutator.each_boot = true
assetmutator.asset_paths =
    myapp:static/js
    myapp:static/css
```

Asset Concatenation (a.k.a Asset Pipeline)

A feature that is popular in some web frameworks (e.g. Ruby on Rails) is the ability to combine all assets that share a common type into a single file for sourcing within your views. Unfortunately, this functionality is currently beyond the scope of `pyramid_assetmutator`. Please have a look at the [pyramid_fantastic](#) and [pyramid_webassets](#) packages instead.

More Information

8.1 pyramid_assetmutator API

assign_assetmutator (*config, ext, cmd, new_ext*)

Configuration method to set up/assign an asset mutator. This allows the various `assetmutator_*` view helper methods to know which mutator to run for a specified asset path.

Parameters

- **ext** (*string - Required*) – The file extension this mutator should match (e.g. `coffee`).
- **cmd** (*string - Required*) – The command to run (e.g. `coffee -c -p`). The filename to be mutated will automatically be appended to the end of this string when running the command.
- **new_ext** (*string - Required*) – The extension that the mutated filename should have (e.g. `js`).

Warning: The specified mutator command must be installed, must be executable by the Pyramid process, and must *output the mutated data to stdout*. The last point can get tricky depending on the command, so be sure to check its command switches for the appropriate option.

For example, a mutator that would run `.coffee` files through the `coffee` command (compiling them into JavaScript) would look like:

```
config.assign_assetmutator('coffee', 'coffee -c -p', 'js')
```

assetmutator_url (*path, **kw*)

Returns a Pyramid `static_url()` of the mutated asset (and mutates the asset if needed).

Parameters

- **path** (*string - Required*) – The Pyramid asset path to process.
- **mutator** (*dict or string - Optional*) – Allows you to override/specify a specific mutator to use (e.g. `coffee`), or assign a brand new mutator dictionary to be used (e.g. `{'cmd': 'lessc', 'ext': 'css'}`)

assetmutator_path (*path, **kw*)

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Returns the source data/contents of the mutated asset (and mutates the asset if needed). This is useful when you want to output inline data (e.g. for inline JavaScript blocks).

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Note: Many template packages escape output by default. Consult your template language’s syntax to output an unescaped string.

assetmutator_assetpath (*path, **kw*)

Returns a Pyramid [asset specification](#) such as `pkg:static/path/to/file.ext` (and mutates the asset if needed).

Parameters

- **path** (*string - Required*) – The Pyramid asset path to process.
- **mutator** (*dict or string - Optional*) – Allows you to override/specify a specific mutator to use (e.g. `coffee`), or assign a brand new mutator dictionary to be used (e.g. `{'cmd': 'lessc', 'ext': 'css'}`)

This function could be used to nest `pyramid_assetmutator` calls. e.g. `assetmutator_path(assetmutator_assetpath('pkg:static/js/script.coffee'))` could compile a CoffeeScript file into JS, and then further minify the JS file if your mutator configuration looked something like:

```
config.assign_assetmutator('coffee', 'coffee -c -p', 'js')
config.assign_assetmutator('js', 'uglifyjs', 'js')
```

includeme (*config*)

Activate the package; typically called via `config.include('pyramid_assetmutator')` instead of being invoked directly.

Development Versions / Reporting Issues

Visit http://github.com/secdifferently/pyramid_assetmutator to download development or tagged versions.

Visit http://github.com/secdifferently/pyramid_assetmutator/issues to report issues.

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